

## Quiz 4.2: Sample Answers

1. Find the derivative of  $y = \cos(e^{9x})$ .

Using chain rule, we get:

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= -\sin(e^{9x})(e^{9x})' \\ &= -\sin(e^{9x})(9e^{9x})\end{aligned}$$

2. Find the derivative of  $y = (e^{-6x})(\sin 6x)$ .

Using product rule, we get:

$$y' = (e^{-6x})(\sin 6x)' + (e^{-6x})'(\sin 6x)$$

Then using chain rule for each derivative, we get

$$y' = (e^{-6x})(6 \cos 6x) + (-6e^{-6x})(\sin 6x)$$

3. Find the derivative of  $y = (x^6 + x)^4$ .

Using the power rule, we get:

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= 4(x^6 + x)^3(x^6 + x)' \\ &= 4(x^6 + x)^3(6x^5 + 1)\end{aligned}$$

4. Find the equation of the tangent line to  $y = e^x \cos 6x - 2$  at the point  $(0, -1)$ .

We first find the derivative using product rule then chain rule:

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= (e^x)(\cos 6x)' + (e^x)'(\cos 6x) \\ &= (e^x)(-6 \sin 6x) + (e^x)(\cos 6x)\end{aligned}$$

So, substituting  $x = 0$ , we get the slope of the tangent line as

$$m = (e^0)(-6 \sin 6(0)) + (e^0)(\cos 6(0)) = (1)(0) + (1)(1) = 1$$

We then substitute  $x = 0$ ,  $y = -1$ , and  $m = 1$  into  $y = mx + b$  to get  $b = -1$ . So the equation of the tangent line is  $y = x - 1$ .

5. Find the velocity at time  $t$  of a vibrating string whose displacement is given by the equation  $s = 9 + \frac{1}{3} \sin(9\pi t)$ .

We simply have to find the derivative:

$$s'(t) = \frac{1}{3}(\cos 9\pi t)(9\pi t)' = \frac{1}{3}(\cos 9\pi t)(9\pi) = 3\pi \cos 9\pi t$$

So the velocity at time  $t$  is  $3\pi \cos 9\pi t$ .

6. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = \sin(2 \cos x)$ .

We use chain rule:

$$f'(x) = \cos(2 \cos x)(2 \cos x)' = \cos(2 \cos x)(-2 \sin x)$$